

D. Amendment to the Claims

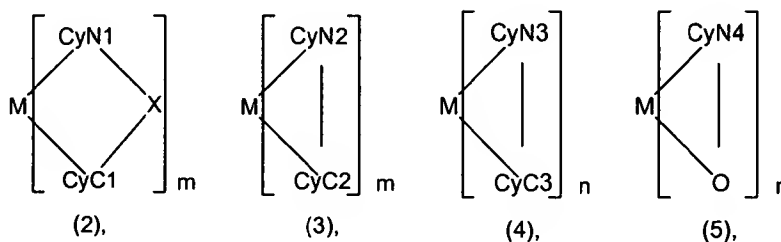
Please amend claims 1, 4 and 8-10 as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) A metal coordination compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh [[Ph]] or Pd; L denotes a bidentate ligand; L' denotes a bidentate ligand different from L; m is an integer of 1, 2 or 3; and n is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that the sum of m and n is 2 or 3,

the partial structure  $\text{ML}_m$  being represented by a formula (2) or a formula (3) shown below, and the partial structure  $\text{ML}'_n$  being represented by a formula (4) or a formula (5) shown below:



wherein:

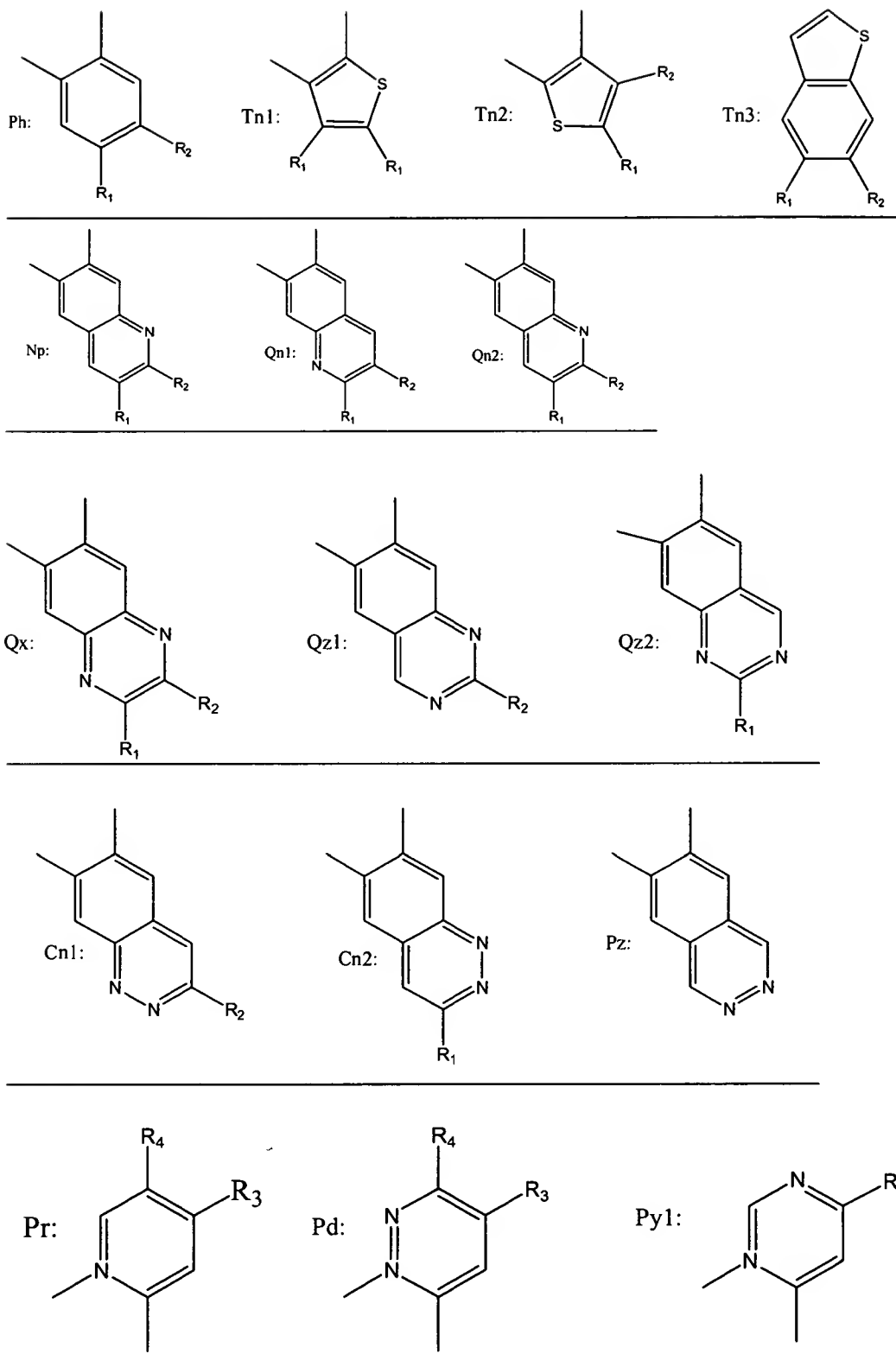
CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Pr, Pd,

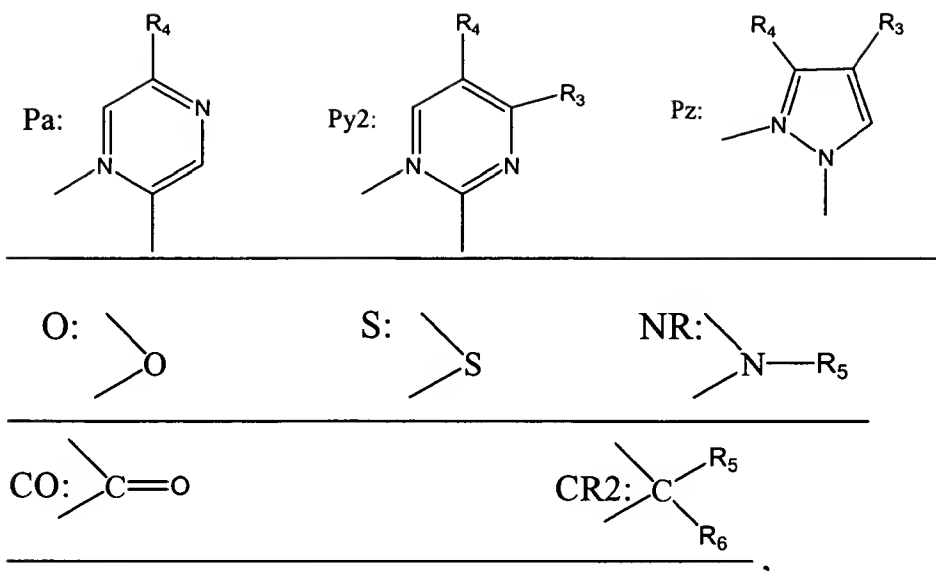
Py1, Pa, Py2, and Pz shown below;

CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Ph,

Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 and Pz shown below; and X is

selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR, CO, CR2 shown below:





with the proviso that any one of the following conditions A) to P) is satisfied:

A) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2); M is Ir, Rh, Pd or Pt; m=2 or 3; n=0,

CyN1 is Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2 or Pz; CyC1 is Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2,

Cn1, Cn2 or Pz;

R<sub>1</sub>=H;

R<sub>2</sub>=H, CF<sub>3</sub> or OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H, CF<sub>3</sub>, COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>4</sub>=H, CF<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>;

R<sub>5</sub>=H, phenyl, naphthyl, CH<sub>3</sub>, or C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>; and

R<sub>6</sub>=H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>;

B) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2); M=Ir; m=2, n=0, CyN1=Pr;

L'=CH<sub>3</sub>-CO-CH-CO-CH<sub>3</sub>; and any one of conditions i) to iv) is satisfied:

i) X=CR<sub>2</sub>; CyC1=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>6</sub>=H;

ii) X=CR<sub>2</sub>; CyC1=Tn1; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>6</sub>=H;

iii) X=CO; CyC1=Tn2; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

iv) X=CO; CyC1=Tn3; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

C) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2) or (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); m is 1 or 2; n is 1; M=Ir or Pt; one of CyN1 and CyN2 is Pr; X=O, CO, or NR; one of CyC1 and CyC2 is Ph, Tn1, or Qn1;

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> of L are H; R<sub>5</sub>=CH<sub>3</sub> or C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; CyN3=Pr or Pyl; CyC3=Tn1 or Ph; and

R<sub>1</sub> of L' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>; and R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

D) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3), ML'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Ph or Tn1; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, Ph or Tn3;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

E) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4); M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN2=Pr, CyC2=Ph or Tn1; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

in ML'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3 is Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2, Pz or Ph;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

F) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Py1; CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph, R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'<sub>n</sub>, CyN<sub>3</sub>=Pr; CyC<sub>3</sub>=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2,

Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

G) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Py1; CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'<sub>n</sub>, CyC<sub>3</sub>=Pr; CyC<sub>3</sub>=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1,

Qz2, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

H) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Py<sub>1</sub>; CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'<sub>n</sub>, CyN<sub>3</sub>=Pz or Pa; and

when CyN<sub>3</sub>=Pz,

CyC<sub>3</sub>=Tn<sub>1</sub>, Tn<sub>2</sub>, or Tn<sub>3</sub>; and

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

when CyN<sub>3</sub>=Pa.

CyC<sub>3</sub>=Qn<sub>1</sub> or Qn<sub>2</sub> and

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

I) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Py<sub>1</sub>; CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph, R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'<sub>n</sub>, CyN<sub>3</sub>=Py<sub>1</sub> or Py<sub>2</sub>; and

when CyN<sub>3</sub>=Py<sub>1</sub>,

CyC<sub>3</sub>=Cn<sub>1</sub>, Cn<sub>2</sub>, or Pz; and

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

when CyN<sub>3</sub>=Py<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H,

CyC<sub>3</sub>=Qx, Qz<sub>1</sub>, or Qz<sub>2</sub>; and

when CyC<sub>3</sub>=Ph or Tn<sub>3</sub>,

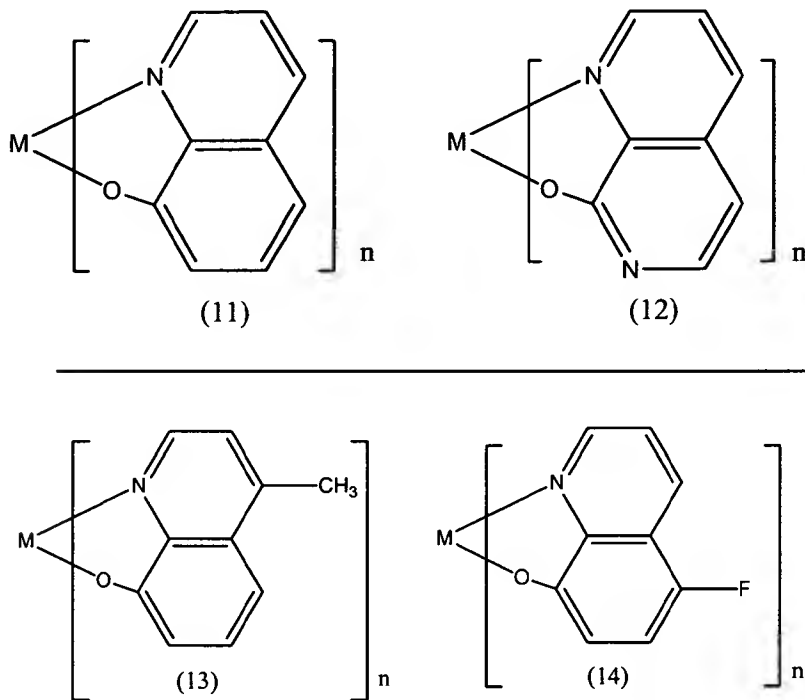
two of  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $R_4$  are H and the remaining one thereof is  $CH_3$ ;

and  $R_3=H$ ;

J)  $ML_m$  is represented by formula (3);  $M=Ir$ ;  $m=2$ ;  $n=1$ ;  $CyN2=Pr$ ,  $Py1$ ,

$Py2$ ,  $Pz$ , or  $Pa$ ;  $CyC2=Ph$ ,  $Tn1$ ,  $Tn3$ ,  $Np$ , or  $Qn2$ ; and  $R_1-R_4=H$ ; and

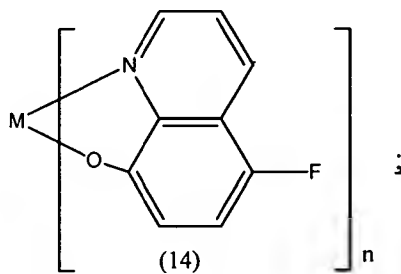
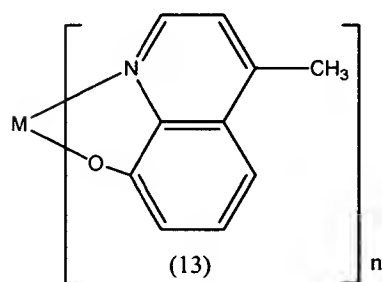
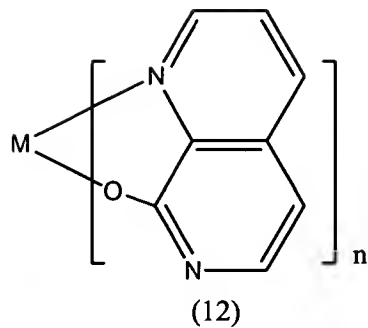
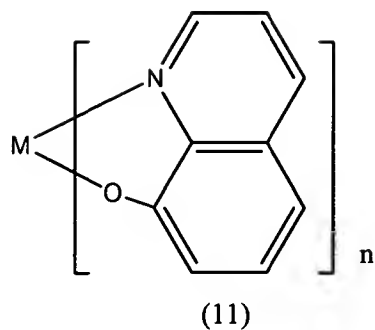
$L'$  is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13), or (14):



K)  $ML_m$  is represented by formula (3);  $M=Ir$ ;  $m=1$ ;  $n=2$ ;  $CyN2=Pr$ ,  $Py1$ ,

$Py2$ ,  $Pz$ , or  $Pa$ ;  $CyC2=Ph$ ,  $Tn1$ ,  $Tn3$ ,  $Np$ , or  $Qn2$  and  $R_1-R_4=H$ ; and

$L'$  is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



L) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2), m=2, n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr; X=CR<sub>2</sub>;

CyC1=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>6</sub>=F; and L'=CH<sub>3</sub>-CO-CH-CO-CH<sub>3</sub>;

M) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2), m=3; n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR<sub>2</sub>, CyC1=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>6</sub>=F;

N) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Tn3; CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Ph; and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;



O) when M=Pt; m=1; and n=1, CyN2=CyN3=Pr; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> of L are H;

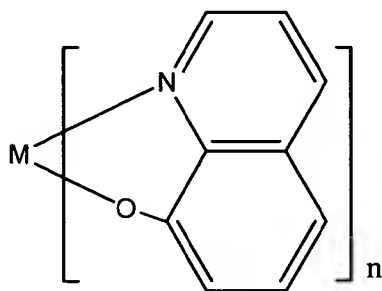
CyC2=Ph or Tn1; CyC3=Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or

Pz; R<sub>1</sub>=R<sub>2</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>; and R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

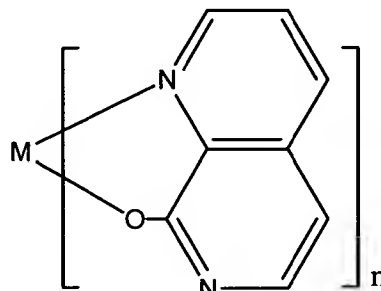
P) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); m=1; n=1; M=Pt; CyN2=Pr, Py1,

Py2, Pz or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

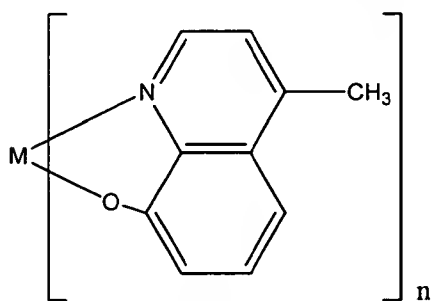
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



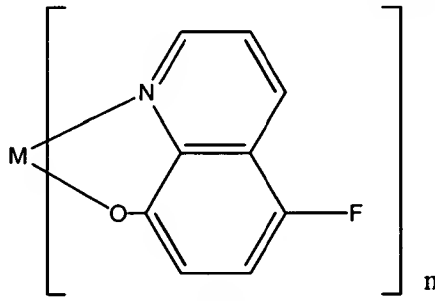
(11)



(12)



(13)



(14)

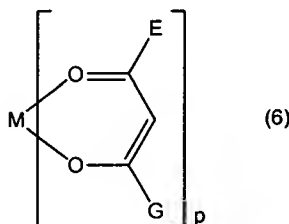
wherein CyN1, CyN2 and CyN3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a nitrogen atom connected to M; CyN4 denotes a cyclic group containing 8-quinoline or its derivative having a nitrogen atom connected to M; CyC1, CyC2 and CyC3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a carbon atom connected to M; each of substituents for CyN1, CyN2, CyN3, CyC1, CyC2 and CyC3

being selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl groups each independently having 1-8 carbon atoms; a linear or branched alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom; and an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, CyN1 and CyC1 being connected via a covalent group containing X which is represented by -O-, -S-, -CO-, -C(R1)(R2)- or -NR- where R1, R2 and R independently denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkyl group substituted with a halogen atom, a phenyl group or a naphthyl group, and CyN2 and CyC2, and CyN3 and CyC3 being independently connected via a covalent bond, with the proviso that the metal coordination compound is represented by the formula (2) when n is 0.

2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the partial structure ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by the formula (2).

3. (Original) A compound according to claim 2, wherein M is Ir.

4. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 2, wherein the metal coordination compound has another partial structure represented by the following formula (6):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh [[Ph]] or Pd; p is 1; and E and G independently denote a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atom capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, or an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom; cyano group; nitro group; a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl groups each independently having 1 - 8 carbon atoms; and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 - 20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C≡C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom.

5. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, which exhibits a phosphorescence at the time of energy transition from an excited state to a ground state.

6. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein one of the ligands L and L' is a luminescent ligand and the other ligand is a carrier transport ligand.

7. (Original) A compound according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the ligands L and L' is in a metal to ligand charge transfer excited state.

8. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the ligands L and L' include ~~includes~~ a first ligand capable of providing a first maximum luminescence wavelength  $\lambda_1$  based on an excited state thereof and a second ligand capable of providing a second maximum luminescence wavelength  $\lambda_2$  shorter than  $\lambda_1$ , the number of the first ligand providing  $\lambda_1$  being smaller than that of the second ligand providing  $\lambda_2$ .

9. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, wherein the ligands L and L' include ~~includes~~ a stronger luminescent ligand and a weaker luminescent ligand, the number of the stronger luminescent ligand is smaller than that of the weaker luminescent ligand.

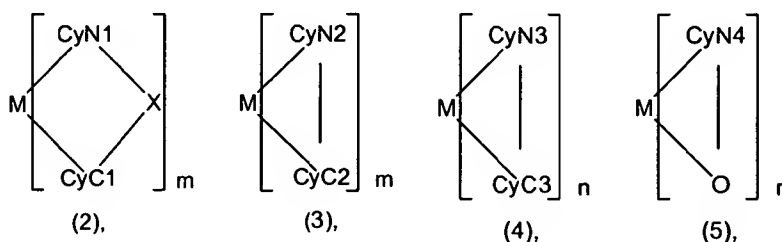
10. (Currently Amended) An organic luminescence device, comprising: a substrate, a pair of electrodes disposed on the substrate, and a luminescence function layer disposed between the pair of electrodes comprising at least one species of an organic compound,

wherein the organic compound comprises a metal coordination compound represented by the following formula (1):



wherein M denotes Ir, Pt, Rh [[Ph]] or Pd; L denotes a bidentate ligand; L' denotes a bidentate ligand different from L; m is an integer of 1, 2 or 3; and n is an integer of 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that the sum of m and n is 2 or 3,

the partial structure ML<sub>m</sub> being represented by a formula (2) or a formula (3) shown below, and the partial structure ML'<sub>n</sub> being represented by a formula (4) or a formula (5) shown below:



wherein:

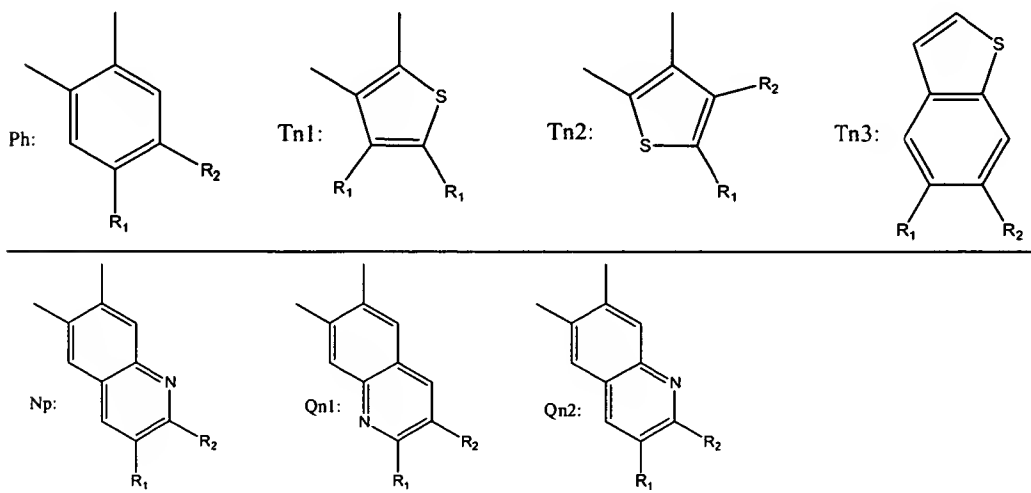
CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Pr, Pd,

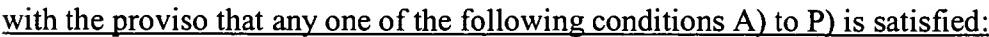
Py1, Pa, Py2, and Pz shown below;

CyN1-CyN4 are independently selected from the group consisting of Ph,

Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Ox, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 and Pz shown below; and X is

selected from the group consisting of O, S, NR, CO, CR2 shown below:





A) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2); M is Ir, Rh, Pd or Pt; m=2 or 3; n=0, CyN1 is Pr, Pd, Py1, Pa, Py2 or Pz; CyC1 is Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or Pz;

R<sub>1</sub>=H;

R<sub>2</sub>=H, CF<sub>3</sub>, or OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H, CF<sub>3</sub>, COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>4</sub>=H, CF<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>, OCF<sub>3</sub>, or OC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>;

R<sub>5</sub>=H, phenyl, naphthyl, CH<sub>3</sub>, or C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>; and

R<sub>6</sub>=H, CH<sub>3</sub>, or C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>;

B) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2); M=Ir; m=2, n=0, CyN1=Pr; L'=CH<sub>3</sub>-CO-CH-CO-CH<sub>3</sub>; and any one of conditions i) to iv) is satisfied:

i) X=CR<sub>2</sub>; CyC1=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>6</sub>=H;

ii) X=CR<sub>2</sub>; CyC1=Tn1; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>6</sub>=H;

iii) X=CO; CyC1=Tn2; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

iv) X=CO; CyC1=Tn3; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

C) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2) or (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4); m is 1 or 2; n is 1; M=Ir or Pt; one of CyN1 and CyN2 is Pr; X=O, CO, or NR; one of CyC1 and CyC2 is Ph, Tn1, or Qn1;

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> of L are H; R<sub>5</sub>=CH<sub>3</sub> or C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>; CyN3=Pr or Py1; CyC3=Tn1 or Ph; and

R<sub>1</sub> of L' is H or CH<sub>3</sub>; and R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

D) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3), ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Pr; CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph or Tn<sub>1</sub>; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'<sub>n</sub>, CyN<sub>3</sub>=Pr; CyC<sub>3</sub>=Tn<sub>3</sub>, Np, Qn<sub>1</sub>, Qn<sub>2</sub>, Qx, Qz<sub>1</sub>, Cn<sub>1</sub>, Cn<sub>2</sub>, Pz, Ph

or Tn<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

E) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4),

M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Pr, CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph or Tn<sub>1</sub>; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

in ML'<sub>n</sub>, CyN<sub>3</sub>=Pr; CyC<sub>3</sub> is Tn<sub>1</sub>, Tn<sub>2</sub>, Tn<sub>3</sub>, Np, Qn<sub>1</sub>, Qn<sub>2</sub>, Qx, Qz<sub>1</sub>, Qz<sub>2</sub>,

Cn<sub>1</sub>, Cn<sub>2</sub>, Pz or Ph;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

F) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN<sub>2</sub>=Py<sub>1</sub>; CyC<sub>2</sub>=Ph, R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;



in ML'n, CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2,

Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

G) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=1; n=2;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN2=Py1; CyC2=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'n, CyC3=Pr; CyC3=Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1,

Qz2, Cn1, Cn2, Pz, or Ph;

R<sub>1</sub>=H or CH<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>;

H) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN2=Py1; CyC2=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Pz or Pa; and

when CyN3=Pz,

CyC3=Tn1, Tn2, or Tn3; and

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

when CyN3=Pa.

CyC3=Qn1 or Qn2 and

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

I) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'n is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1;

in ML<sub>m</sub>, CyN2=Py1; CyC2=Ph, R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

in ML'n, CyN3=Py1 or Py2; and

when CyN3=Py1,

CyC3=Cn1, Cn2, or Pz; and

R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

when CyN3=Py2 and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H,

CyC3=Qx, Qz1, or Qz2; and

when CyC3=Ph or Tn3,

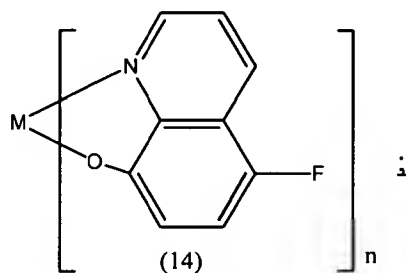
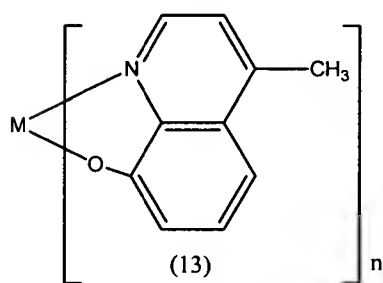
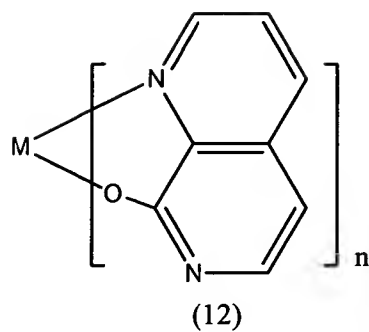
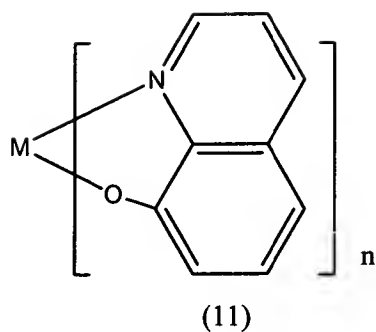
two of R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>4</sub> are H and the remaining one thereof is CH<sub>3</sub>;

and R<sub>3</sub>=H;

J) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr, Py1,

Py2, Pz, or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

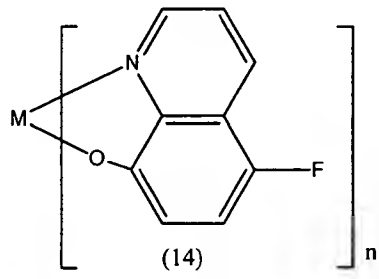
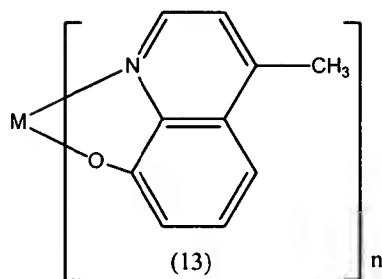
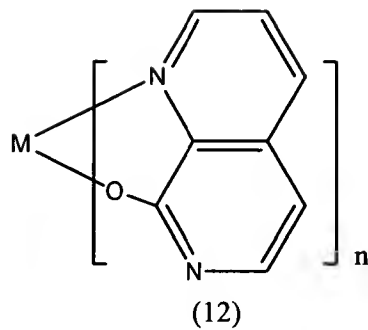
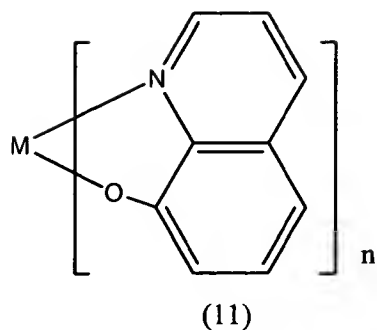
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13), or (14):



K)  $ML_m$  is represented by formula (3);  $M=Ir$ ;  $m=1$ ;  $n=2$ ;  $CyN2=Pr$ ,  $Py1$ ,

$Py2$ ,  $Pz$ , or  $Pa$ ;  $CyC2=Ph$ ,  $Tn1$ ,  $Tn3$ ,  $Np$ , or  $Qn2$  and  $R_1-R_4=H$ ; and

$L'$  is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



L) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2), m=2, n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr; X=CR<sub>2</sub>;

CyC1=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>6</sub>=F; and L'=CH<sub>3</sub>-CO-CH-CO-CH<sub>3</sub>;

M) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (2), m=3; n=0; M=Ir; CyN1=Pr;

X=CR<sub>2</sub>, CyC1=Ph; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and R<sub>5</sub>=R<sub>6</sub>=F;

N) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); ML'<sub>n</sub> is represented by formula (4);

M=Ir; m=2; n=1; CyN2=Pr; CyC2=Tn3; CyN3=Pr; CyC3=Ph; and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H;

O) when M=Pt; m=1; and n=1, CyN2=CyN3=Pr; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> of L are H;

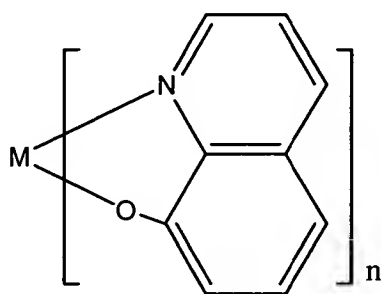
CyC2=Ph or Tn1; CyC3=Ph, Tn1, Tn2, Tn3, Np, Qn1, Qn2, Qx, Qz1, Qz2, Cn1, Cn2 or

Pz; R<sub>1</sub>=R<sub>2</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>=H or CF<sub>3</sub>; and R<sub>3</sub>=H; and

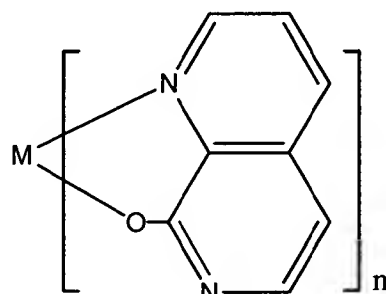
P) ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by formula (3); m=1; n=1; M=Pt; CyN2=Pr, Py1,

Py2, Pz or Pa; CyC2=Ph, Tn1, Tn3, Np, or Qn2; and R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>4</sub>=H; and

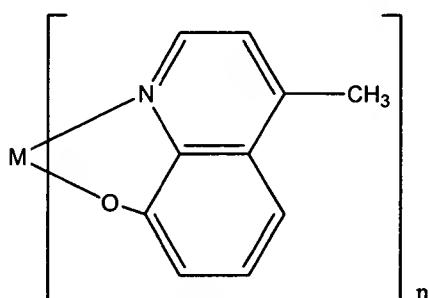
L' is represented by the following formula (11), (12), (13) or (14):



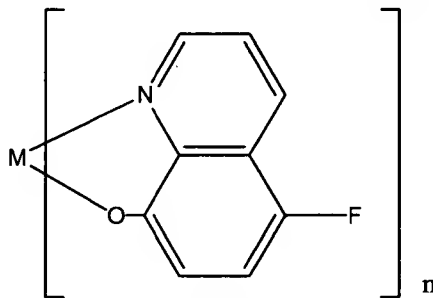
(11)



(12)



(13)



(14)

wherein CyN1, CyN2 and CyN3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a nitrogen atom connected to M; CyN4 denotes a cyclic group containing 8-quinoline or its derivative having a nitrogen atom connected to M; CyC1, CyC2 and CyC3 independently denote a substituted or unsubstituted cyclic group containing a carbon atom connected to M, each of substituents for CyN1, CyN2, CyN3, CyC1, CyC2 and CyC3

being selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, cyano group, nitro group, a trialkylsilyl group containing three linear or branched alkyl groups each independently having 1-8 carbon atoms, a linear or branched alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, and an aromatic ring group capable of having a substituent selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, cyano group, nitro group, and a linear or branched alkyl group having 1-20 carbon atoms capable of including one or at least two non-neighboring methylene groups which can be replaced with -O-, -S-, -CO-, -CO-O-, -O-CO-, -CH=CH- or -C=C- and capable of including a hydrogen atom which can be replaced with a fluorine atom, CyN1 and CyC1 being connected via a covalent group containing X which is represented by -O-, -S-, -CO-, -C(R1)(R2)- or -NR- where R1, R2 and R independently denote a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkyl group substituted with a halogen atom, a phenyl group or a naphthyl group, and CyN2 and CyC2, and CyN3 and CyC3 being independently connected via a covalent bond, with the proviso that the metal coordination compound is represented by the formula (2) when n is 0.

11. (Original) A device according to claim 10, wherein the partial structure ML<sub>m</sub> is represented by the formula (2).

12. (Original) A device according to claim 11, wherein M is Ir.

13. (Original) A device according to claim 10, wherein a voltage is applied between the pair of electrodes to cause phosphorescence from the luminescence function layer.

14. (Original) An image display device, comprising: an organic luminescence device according to claim 10 and means for supplying electrical signals to the organic luminescence device.